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27.6V dc 2A Switch Mode Power Supply for Fire, Access and General Applications

STX2402-MOD

# **F**EATURES

The STX2402-MOD is an un-boxed switch mode power supply ideal for use in Fire, Access Control and General Applications. Its regulated 27.6V dc output will supply up to 2.0 Amps continuously into the load, in addition to providing up to 700mA for charging the standby batteries up to 18Ah. The power supply output features electronic short circuit protection under both mains and standby battery operation. Maximum battery life is assured through continuous active battery monitoring and the use of a two stage charger, comprising bulk and temperature compensated final float phase depending upon battery condition. Once fully charged the product operates in Eco power saving mode, whereby the batteries are charged for 4 hours in every 24 hour period while still being continuously monitored. This reduces wasted energy in charging already fully charged batteries and extends their working life. Deep discharge protection prevents premature battery failure when operating from standby for extended periods. Two sets of volt free solid state relay fault output signal (i) loss of mains and (ii) battery fault, charger fault and loss of output.

- Up to 2.0A current to load at 27.6V dc nominal regulated output.
- Charging capability to support 7Ah or 17/18Ah batteries.
- Electronic overload protection shuts down output until overload or short circuit is removed.
- Battery Monitor detects battery missing, low battery, short-circuit or reverse connection or circuit impedance (Ri) in excess of 500mΩ caused by connector or wiring corrosion within 4hours.
- Battery charging circuit is energised only when a battery is correctly connected and the battery voltage is greater than 14V.
- No loss of output during automatic connection of battery to load on loss of mains.
- Deep discharge protection disconnects battery from load when battery voltage falls below 21V.
- Diagnostic indicator LED (Orange) (Internal).
- Fault indicator LED (Yellow) flashes on detection of output fault, battery fault, charger fault and mains failure.
- Mains indicator LED (Green) showing mains present Indicators check at start-up.



# **SPECIFICATION**

Mains I	Input
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Rated Voltage	110 – 240V ac
(Operational voltage)	(90 – 264V ac)
Frequency	50/60Hz
Input current	< 1.0 Amps at full load
Inrush current	5A Max at 25 °C 110V ac for 10ms
Fuse	T2.0A 20mm, 250V ac HRC

#### Output

Output			
Voltage at full load			
Mains power	27.0 – 28.3V dc (27.6V nominal)		
Battery standby	20.3 – 26.0V dc		
Ripple	<100 mV pk – pk max (	Rated Voltage	
Fuse	p p c C into a no		
Load	F2.5A		
Battery	F2.5A		
Battery mode selected	2.1Ah	7Ah	17/18Ah (Link fitted)
Continuous Output Current			
No charging (Imax B)	2.5A	2.5A	2.5A
With charging (Imax A)	2.0A	2.0A	1.8A
Battery Capacity	2 x 2.1Ah 12V	2 x 7Ah 12V	2 x 17/18Ah 12V
eg			
<ul> <li>PowerSonic model</li> </ul>	PS12021	PS12070	PS12170
- Yuasa model	NP2.1-12	NP7-12	NP17-12
<ul> <li>Interlogix model</li> </ul>			BS131N
Battery Charging	Constant current bulk	charging to 80% capacity	within 24 hours
	Float charging to 100%	within 48 hours	
	Eco charging and check every 24 hours – (for up to 8 hours pulse		to 8 hours pulse
	charge dependent on t	emperature)	
Constant current charge	0.3A 0.7A		0.7A
Low battery threshold voltage	23V		
Deep discharge protection	Threshold voltage – 21V		
Quiescent current – no load	<30mA @ 27.6V		
Quiescent current – batt cut off	0mA @ 27.6V		
	01117 (6-27.07		

#### Mechanical

Product Reference	STX2402-MOD	
Module Dimensions w x h x d (mm)	150 x 207 x 52	
Weight (kg)	0.34	

#### **Environmental**

Temperature – Operating	-10 to +40°C (operating) 75% RH non-condensing
Temperature - Storage	-20 to +80°C (storage)



**Connections and Signalling outputs** 

Load Output +/ -	Screw terminals Voltage output to load
GEN PSU Fault (normally	0.10A @ 60V dc 16Ω solid state relay contacts, volt free
closed contact)	Open if Mains failed and battery voltage <23V or fault PSU fault
	condition, (see below)
EPS Fault (normally closed	0.10A @ 60V dc 16Ω solid state relay contacts, volt free
contact)	Open if loss of mains for >10 seconds
Temperature sensor	Thermistor input from supplied battery terminal thermistor.
BATT + / -	Connection to back up battery using supplied battery lead.

# **SIGNALLING AND DIAGNOSTICS**

#### **Fault Outputs**

EPS Fault	GEN Fault	Condition	Possible Cause	Action
CLOSED	CLOSED	Normal	Mains present	None
		operation	Battery healthy	
OPEN	CLOSED	Standby	Mains lost	Investigate loss of mains
		Mode	Battery driving load	
CLOSED	OPEN	Fault	Blown fuses	Investigate fault source
		Present	Battery fault	using diagnostic LED
			Internal fault	Rectify fault where
				possible
OPEN	OPEN	PSU	Mains lost	Restore mains as soon
		Shutdown	Standby battery exhausted	as possible

#### **LED Indication**

YELLOW LED	Fault LED
GREEN LED	Mains supply On
DIAGNOSTICS	Diagnostic LED

Fault Diagnostic table - Front panel - User

Yellow LED Fault	Green LED Mains	Condition	Possible Cause	Action
OFF	ON	Normal	Mains present	None
OFF	ON	operation	Battery healthy	None
Flash Continuous	On or Off	Fault	Blown fuses Battery fault Internal fault	Contact service engineer
1 Pulse	Off	Standby Mode	Mains lost Battery driving load	Investigate loss of mains



Fault Diagnostic table - Internal - Engineer

Orange LED Diagnostic	Green LED Mains	Condition	Possible Cause	Action
Off	On	Normal operation	Mains present Battery fully charged	None
OFF	Off	Standby Operation	Mains Lost. No faults present Battery driving load	Investigate loss of mains
Flash Continuous	On or Off	No output	Output fuse blown Output overload Output short circuit	Check and replace output fuse Disconnect output load and test load
1 Pulse	On	Battery Charging	No faults active Battery charging normally but < 90% of full charge	None
2 Pulses	On	No Battery	Battery disconnected Battery fuse blown Battery heavily discharged	Check battery connections Check battery fuse Check battery condition Replace battery if aged
	Off	Low Battery Volts	Standby Mode Battery almost discharged	Restore mains
3 Pulses	On or Off	Battery Fault	High impedance in battery connection Battery internal fault	Check battery connections for corrosion. Replace battery if aged
4 Pulses	On or Off	Charger Fault	Internal failure of battery charger	Return to manufacturer
5 Pulses	On or Off	Battery Temperature Probe Fault	Battery temperature monitor disconnected or damaged PSU running in Safe Mode	Check temperature sensor connections and condition of sensor. Replace if suspect



#### Installation

This unit is only suitable for installation as permanently connected equipment. The PSU is NOT SUITABLE for external installation.

This unit must be fed from a mains power source having a separate (approved) disconnect device and fitted with a fuse or other over-current protection device rated at 5 A maximum. Ensure that the disconnect device used has appropriate earth fault protection to the applicable standard.

Where the PSU is used to provide power to a fire alarm circuit, the mains isolation and disconnect device should be provided solely for this purpose and be suitably marked "FIRE ALARM – DO NOT TURN OFF". All cabling should meet national and local fire system installation regulations, e.g. FP200 type cable for high integrity installations.

Where the PSU is used for other applications, it should be installed according to all relevant safety regulations applicable to that application.

Where the GEN PSU Fault and EPS Fault outputs are used, they should only be connected to circuits having voltages less than 60V dc.

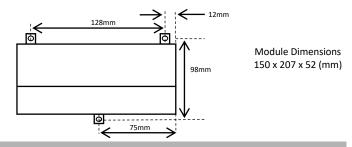
#### **Cable Sizing**

- Mains input cable must be to the applicable standard with a 5A or greater current capacity, i.e. 0.75mm<sup>2</sup> nominal conductor area, having a minimum operating voltage of 300/500V ac.
- The low voltage output cable must be sized to carry the rated load current to the devices connected to the PSU.
- 3) All cabling should be securely fastened in position.

#### **Mounting the Module**

4) Fix the module into the chosen enclosure using 3 x fixing points as per Fig 1 (all fixings must be used). Ensure sufficient space for heat dissipation and adequate ventilation to avoid overheating of the unit or associated batteries.

Figure 1 - Fixing Points



### **COMMISSIONING**

#### Mains Power Up

- With no external connections made to the PSU, connect the mains input wires to the terminal block, ensuring that the mains isolator (disconnect device) is open. Fasten wiring in place with cable tie to saddle. Note: Equipment must be earthed.
- Apply mains input. Confirm that all LED indicators flash on briefly proving integrity of indicating circuits. Ensure that the green Mains LED then stays illuminated and that the yellow Fault LED flashes after approximately 3s (indicating a disconnected battery).
- Disconnect the mains power.

#### **Load Output and Remote Signalling**

- Connect the EPS and GEN PSU Fault outputs to the appropriate inputs of control equipment if remote fault monitoring is required.
- 5) Connect the load (output) wiring as shown in Figure 2.



Figure 2 - Connections

Battery Select

Mains ON

Diagnostic LED

Fault LED

Temperature
Sensor connect

- Re-apply mains. Verify that the green Mains LED illuminates and the yellow Fault LED flashes after approximately 3s (disconnected battery).
- If connected, verify that the EPS Fault monitor shows a closed contact and the GEN PSU Fault monitor shows an open contact.
- 8) Perform a full functional test of system including full alarm condition.
- 9) Disconnect the mains.

To Load

10) For 17 or 18Ah batteries fit the link to the Battery select pins as indicated, for 7Ah or 2.1Ah batteries remove link, as shown in Figure 2.

Figure 3 – Terminal labels
2.5 Amp

LOAD FUSE
2.5 Amp

+ - | + - | Temp | GEN | EPS |
Load | Batt | sense | Fault

#### Standby Battery

- With mains disconnected, connect the two 12 V standby batteries in series using the single cable provided. Connect the negative of one battery to the positive of the other. DO NOT CONNECT the other two battery terminals to each other.
- 12) Connect the free Positive and Negative terminals of the batteries to the PCB terminals Batt+ and Batt using the cables provided. See Figure 2 and 3.
- 13) Connect the battery temperature sensor (two white wires) to the PCB terminals Temp Sense. See Figure 4. Wires can be connected either way around.
- 14) Re-apply mains and, after the LED indicators initial start-up flash, verify that the yellow Fault LED does not flash (battery connection detected). Verify that the remote GEN PSU Fault monitor shows a closed contact.
- 15) Disconnect the mains power. Verify that the green Mains LED extinguishes and the yellows Fault LED starts to pulse (indicating that the PSU is running from its standby batteries).
- 16) If connected, verify that the EPS Fault monitor shows an open contact and the PSU Fault monitor shows a closed contact.
- 17) Perform a full functional test of system including full alarm condition. Verify that the standby batteries can support the system load. Note: ensure batteries have sufficient charge.



#### Final

- 18) Reconnect the mains. Verify that the green Mains LED illuminates and the yellow Fault LED extinguishes.
- 19) If connected, verify that the EPS Fault monitor shows a closed contact and the GEN PSU Fault monitor shows a closed contact.

NOTE: Batteries must be connected before mains power is applied to enable the batteries to be utilised. When replacing batteries, re-connect new batteries and then cycle the mains power.

## **OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS**

In the event of loss of mains, a battery fault or a GEN PSU fault, the corresponding Fault signal contacts will open.

If the output of the PSU fails, the cause of the failure should be investigated e.g. short circuit load, connection of a deeply discharged battery. The fault should be rectified before restoring power to the PSU. If any of the fuses require replacing, ensure the correct fuse rating and type is used.

# **M**AINTENANCE

This unit is intended for use by Service Personnel only. There are NO USER SERVICEABLE parts inside.

There is no regular maintenance required of the PSU other than periodic testing, and replacement of the standby battery. *Reference should be made to the battery manufacturer's documentation to determine typical/expected battery life with a view to periodic replacement of the battery.* 



#### **COMPLIANCE**

This power supply unit meets the essential requirements of the following EU Directives:

EMC: 2014/30/EU Low Voltage: 2014/35/EU WEEE: 2012/19/EU RoHS: 2011/65/EU



# **DISPOSAL OF PRODUCT AT END OF LIFE**

This product falls within the scope of EU Directives 2012/19/EU Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment (WEEE) and 2013/56/Eu (Battery). At the end of life, the product must be separated from the domestic waste stream and disposed via an appropriate approved WEEE disposal route in accordance with all national and local regulations.

Before disposal of the product, any batteries must be removed, and disposed separately via an appropriate approved battery disposal route in accordance with all national and local regulations. Package used batteries safely for onward transport to your supplier, collection point or disposal facility.

# Caution: Risk of fire or explosion if bare battery wires are allowed to touch.

See Specification for battery type information. The battery is marked with the crossed out wheelie bin symbol, which may include lettering to indicate cadmium (Cd), lead (Pb), or mercury (Hg).

For more information see: www.recyclethis.info

Explanation of symbols: (Not all may apply)



Fault Indication



Shock Risk - isolate before attempting access



Certification Level



Mains Present



Protective Earth



Do not dispose of in unsorted waste

Specifications subject to change without notice

The packaging supplied with this product may be recycled.

Please dispose of packaging accordingly.